

OMBUDSMAN FOR BANKING SERVICES AND INVESTMENTS

TERMS OF REFERENCE

Purpose

1. These terms of reference describe the principal powers and duties of the Ombudsman, the duties of Participating Firms, the scope of the Ombudsman's mandate, and the process of the OBSI for receiving, investigating and seeking a resolution of a Complaint against a Participating Firm.

Definitions

2. In these terms of reference:

- (a) the following expressions have the following meanings:

“Affiliate” means an entity that is controlled by another entity or entities that are controlled by the same person;

“Board” means the board of directors of the OBSI;

“OLHI” means the Ombudservice for Life and Health Insurance;

“Commercial Judgement” means assessments of risk (such as in lending, taking security or insurance underwriting), and assessments of financial and commercial criteria or of character of a Customer;

“Complainant” means any small business or individual Customer of a Participating Firm or its Representative making a Complaint to the Ombudsman and includes the authorized representative(s) of the Customer, such as a personal representative, guardian, trustee or executor;

“Complaint” means an expression of dissatisfaction made by a Customer

i) in writing; or

ii) at the reportable complaint level, where a Participating Firm's regulator has established such a level; or

iii) where a reportable level in ii) above has not been established, that has been recorded by the Participating Firm

about the provision within Canada of a Financial Service by a Participating Firm to a Customer;

“Customer” means an individual who, or small business that, applied for or received a Financial Service from a Participating Firm;

“Financial Service” means a financial product or service, or advice about a financial product or service;

“FSON” means the Financial Services OmbudsNetwork, which includes the OBSI, the OLHI and the GIO;

“GIO” means the General Insurance OmbudService;

“Industry OmbudService” means any of the OBSI, the OLHI and the GIO;

“Member” means any Participating Firm admitted as a member of the OBSI;

“OBSI” means the Ombudsman for Banking Services and Investments;

“Ombudsman” means the individual appointed by the Board to exercise the powers and duties of that office of the OBSI;

“Participating Firm” means a financial services provider that is a Member of the OBSI and any Representative or Affiliate of a financial services provider (unless that Affiliate is a member of another Industry OmbudService);

“Representative” means any individual who dealt with the Complainant or supervised the dealing with the Complainant in the provision of the Financial Service that gave rise to the Complaint, whether the individual is an employee, agent, or third party contractor of the Participating Firm;

“Standards” means any standards adopted by the Board for the handling and resolution of Complaints; and

“Systemic Issue” means a matter such as undisclosed fees or charges, misleading communications, administrative errors or product flaws discovered in the course of considering a Complaint against a Participating Firm which may have caused loss, damage or harm to one or more other Customers of the Participating Firm in a similar fashion to that experienced by the original Complainant;

- (b) references to the provision of Financial Services include, where the context admits, references to their non-provision;
- (c) references to the male gender include, where the context admits, the female gender and vice versa and references to the singular number include, where the context admits, the plural number and vice versa; and
- (d) references to sections and paragraphs are to sections and paragraphs of these terms of reference.

The Ombudsman's Principal Powers and Duties

3. The Ombudsman shall at all times serve as an independent and impartial arbiter of Complaints and shall not act as an advocate for the Participating Firm, the Complainant or any other person. The Ombudsman shall:
 - (a) act within these terms of reference;
 - (b) adhere to the Standards adopted by the Board;
 - (c) receive Complaints;
 - (d) subject to sections 8 to 14, investigate Complaints with a view to their resolution through appropriate dispute resolution processes;
 - (e) if appropriate in the circumstances, make recommendations to Participating Firms and Complainants to resolve Complaints or reject Complaints on their merits;
 - (f) advise the public about the procedures for making a Complaint to the OBSI, a Participating Firm or other appropriate body;
 - (g) assist Complainants with the Complaint process, including helping them articulate their Complaint to a Participating Firm where necessary;
 - (h) not provide general information about a Participating Firm or a Financial Service; and
 - (i) not provide legal, accounting or other professional advice.
4. As the Board may direct, the Ombudsman may delegate certain of the Ombudsman's powers and duties, including the powers to investigate matters and request information from Complainants, and from Participating Firms and their Representatives. The Board or, if so authorized by the Board, the Chair of the Board may delegate to a designated deputy ombudsman the Ombudsman's powers to make recommendations and to reject Complaints. A delegate cannot further delegate any of the Ombudsman's powers and duties.
5. The Ombudsman is responsible for compliance by the OBSI with all applicable legislation protecting the privacy of personal information as well as the privacy policies and procedures of the OBSI.
6. The Ombudsman shall ensure that all officers, employees, consultants, independent contractors, and agents of the OBSI periodically acknowledge their understanding and compliance with the Code of Conduct and privacy policies and procedures adopted by the Board.

7. The Ombudsman shall report to a Participating Firm information about any threat to Participating Firm staff or property of which the Ombudsman becomes aware in the course of the Ombudsman's duties.

Ombudsman's Mandate

8. Subject to sections 9 to 14, the Ombudsman may investigate any Complaint received if the Ombudsman is satisfied that:
 - (a) the Complaint is made to the Ombudsman by the Complainant. It is desirable that all persons with an interest in the Complaint make the Complaint. Nevertheless, the Ombudsman may decide that the non-participation of a person with an interest in the Complaint does not prevent the Ombudsman from considering the Complaint, provided that all necessary consents to release confidential information have been obtained;
 - (b) the Participating Firm has received a Complaint and:
 - (i) has rejected the Complaint or made a recommendation for resolution of the Complaint, but the Complainant has not accepted the recommendation proposed by the Participating Firm; or
 - (ii) 90 calendar days have elapsed since the Complaint was received by the Participating Firm and the Complainant requests a review by OBSI. Nevertheless, the Ombudsman may decide that the Participating Firm has not had sufficient opportunity to address the Complaint and that the Participating Firm's internal process should continue for a reasonable period of time to be established by the Ombudsman in consultation with the Complainant and the Participating Firm;
 - (c) the Complaint has been made to the Ombudsman within 180 calendar days of the receipt in writing by the Complainant of the Participating Firm's rejection or recommendation for resolution of the Complaint. The Ombudsman may receive and investigate a Complaint in other circumstances if the Ombudsman considers it fair to do so;
 - (d) the subject matter of the Complaint by the same Complainant (or any one or more of them) was not previously considered by the Ombudsman. Where a Complaint has been previously considered but, in the opinion of the Ombudsman, relevant new information is available, the Ombudsman may request that the Participating Firm reconsider the Complaint in light of the new information. After the Participating Firm reconsiders the Complaint or if the Participating Firm refuses to reconsider the Complaint, the Complainant may request that the Ombudsman reconsider the Complaint;
 - (e) where the subject matter of the Complaint by the same Complainant (or any one or more of them) is the subject of any Complainant-initiated proceedings in or before any court of law, tribunal or arbitrator, or any other independent dispute

resolution body, the Complainant has agreed not to proceed with the action pending the completion of the Ombudsman's consideration of the Complaint;

- (f) the Ombudsman has received appropriate consents concerning the release and treatment of confidential information from all necessary parties and any other agreements or releases that the Ombudsman considers appropriate in the circumstances; and
- (g) the Complaint is being pursued reasonably by the Complainant and not in a frivolous, vexatious or threatening manner.

9. The Ombudsman shall not investigate or shall cease to investigate Complaints:

- (a) to the extent that their subject matter materially relates to
 - (i) the general interest rate and risk management policies and practices of a Participating Firm,
 - (ii) the pricing of Financial Services by a Participating Firm,
 - (iii) the scale of fees or charges generally applicable to Financial Services offered to Customers of the Participating Firm in similar circumstances, or
 - (iv) the Commercial Judgement of a Participating Firm.

Nevertheless, the Ombudsman may investigate a Complaint that the process by which the Participating Firm implemented its policies and practices or made a Commercial Judgement was biased, incomplete, not in accordance with the Participating Firm's policies and procedures or was otherwise unfair;

- (b) the subject matter of which the Ombudsman has or may reasonably be perceived to have a material interest. In those circumstances, the Ombudsman shall notify the Complainant, the Participating Firm and the Chair of the Board of that interest, and shall refer the Complaint to a deputy ombudsman designated by the Board or the Chair in accordance with section 4. The Ombudsman thereafter shall not have any further involvement in the investigation or settlement of the Complaint;
- (c) where the subject matter of the Complaint by the same Complainant (or any one or more of them) has been the subject of any proceedings in or before any court of law, tribunal or arbitrator, or any other independent dispute resolution body, and those proceedings have concluded with a binding decision or finding; or
- (d) where the Ombudsman decides that there is a more appropriate place for them to be dealt with, such as a court of law, a regulator, an arbitration procedure or any other dispute resolution process.

10. The Ombudsman may proceed with an investigation of a Complaint which is also being investigated by any regulator having authority over the Participating Firm. Should the Ombudsman defer consideration of or decline to consider the Complaint, he shall notify the Complainant and the Participating Firm of his decision, any further steps that the Ombudsman may consider taking following the completion of the regulatory investigation, and any other dispute resolution alternatives that may be available to the Complainant.
11. The Ombudsman may identify potential Systemic Issues in the course of dealing with individual complaints, and shall investigate them in the following manner:
 - (a) if a potential Systemic Issue is identified, OBSI will request the Participating Firm to investigate and report on its investigation to the Ombudsman;
 - (b) if a Systemic Issue is confirmed by the Participating Firm, the Ombudsman will:
 - (i) offer to work with the Participating Firm to find a fair resolution; and
 - (ii) recommend in appropriate circumstances the Participating Firm compensate all affected individuals or small businesses and take steps to prevent a future occurrence of the issue;
 - (c) if a Systemic Issue is not found by the Participating Firm and that finding is disputed by the Ombudsman, or a recommendation under section 11 (b)(ii) is rejected:
 - (i) the Ombudsman will refer the matter to the Participating Firm's regulator; and
 - (ii) OBSI shall report on a "no-names" basis on the matter in its Annual Review;
 - (d) a failure by the Participating Firm to co-operate in the investigation of a potential Systemic Issue shall be reported to the Participating Firm's regulator; and
 - (e) matters which in the judgement of the Ombudsman involve potential regulatory or criminal breaches will, in appropriate circumstances, be referred to the appropriate regulatory or law enforcement agency.
12. The Ombudsman may investigate a Complaint involving a claim for any monetary amount, provided that the Complaint falls within the Ombudsman's mandate under these terms of reference. The Ombudsman, however, may not make a recommendation that a Participating Firm pay an amount greater than \$350,000 in respect of any single Complaint or, in a Systemic Issue, any single affected individual or small business. Where the amount claimed by a Complainant in respect of a Complaint exceeds \$350,000, the Ombudsman will not investigate the Complaint unless the Complainant

and the Participating Firm in writing acknowledge the Ombudsman's recommendation limit and agree to release the Participating Firm from liability for any amount greater than \$350,000 regardless of the outcome of the Ombudsman's consideration of the Complaint. A complaint shall not be divided into two or more Complaints about the same subject matter for the purpose of bringing it within the Ombudsman's mandate under this section. The limit on the amount of the Ombudsman's recommendation does not apply to separate Complaints made by a Complainant about unrelated subject matter.

13. In relation to individual complaints,
 - (a) The Board shall not:
 - (i) consider a request to hear an appeal of any recommendation made by the Ombudsman, or of the rejection of a Complaint by the Ombudsman;
 - (ii) seek the identity of any Complainant who has made an inquiry or Complaint to the Ombudsman;
 - (iii) seek information relating to any inquiry or Complaint to the Ombudsman;
 - (iv) make any representation relating to an inquiry or a Complaint to a Participating Firm or a Complainant; or
 - (v) act on any information received that reveals the identity of a Complainant or any information described in paragraph (ii) or (iii) above;
 - (b) the Chair of the Board may, in a manner that the Chair deems appropriate, consider any concerns about the general complaint-handling process or the conduct of an employee or officer of the OBSI; and
 - (c) the Chair of the Board shall be provided with a copy of any Complaint addressed to a director or the Board or of any Complaint that a Complainant has requested be forwarded to, reviewed by or appealed to the Board. The Chair shall respond to the Complainant on behalf of the Board indicating the limits of the Board's authority.
14. Where, in the opinion of the Ombudsman, the subject matter of a Complaint (in whole or in part) is one in which another Industry OmbudService has expertise and the Complainant and the Participating Firm consent, the Ombudsman may co-operate with that Industry OmbudService in the investigation of the Complaint and may, if appropriate, make a recommendation jointly with the other Industry OmbudService for the resolution of the Complaint. Similarly, the Ombudsman may co-operate with another Industry OmbudService in the investigation and resolution of a Complaint referred to the Ombudsman by that Industry OmbudService.

Procedure

15. The Ombudsman may determine the procedures for filing a Complaint with the OBSI and for investigating Complaints, having regard for these terms of reference and the Standards. The Ombudsman shall not be bound by the rules of evidence.

The Ombudsman shall also decide whether a Complaint falls within the mandate of the Ombudsman under these terms of reference and, in reaching this decision, may consider representations from the Complainant and from the Participating Firm.

16. Participating Firms shall:
- (a) fully co-operate with and assist the Ombudsman and his designated staff in the investigation of a Complaint accepted by the Ombudsman, including Complaints where the Participating Firm has relevant information about a file and appropriate releases are obtained;
 - (b) provide on request all non-privileged information such as notes, correspondence including emails and facsimiles, account statements, Customer records from internal databases, transaction records, opening agreements, internal policies, internal security and investigation files or reports, and the like relating to the subject matter of the Complaint in its possession or control unless the Participating Firm or its Representative demonstrates to the Ombudsman's satisfaction that the disclosure of the information would likely place the Participating Firm or its Representative in breach of the law or its duty of confidentiality to a third party where consent to disclose has not been obtained, despite its best endeavour to obtain that consent;
 - (c) where permitted by law and requested by OBSI, enter into an agreement with the Complainant and OBSI to suspend the applicable limitations period while OBSI considers a Complaint; and
 - (d) inform all individual and small business Complainants of their right to bring their unresolved Complaint to OBSI regardless of whether the Participating Firm views the Complaint as being within its or OBSI's mandate.
17. All Participating Firms are expected to have in place an effective complaint-handling system. Participating Firms required to follow complaint-handling rules established by their regulators or industry associations and which are listed in Appendix I are not subject to this Section. All other Participating Firms are expected to:
- (a) appoint a senior official to act as the final internal decision-maker on unresolved Complaints;
 - (b) promote its internal and external complaint-handling processes through websites, brochures, mailings, emails and other means necessary to ensure Customers have ready access to them in the event of a Complaint;

- (c) upon the receipt of a Complaint, bring to the Customer's attention the details of its internal complaint-handling processes and the Customer's external options, including the right to refer unresolved Complaints to OBSI after 90 calendar days; and
- (d) within 90 calendar days of the receipt of a Complaint,
 - (i) provide to the Customer a substantive response outlining the original Complaint, the analysis of the Complaint by the Participating Firm, the Participating Firm's proposed resolution of the matter, if any, and a statement that if the Customer is not satisfied they have the option of taking the Complaint to OBSI in a form determined by the Ombudsman, or
 - (ii) if unable to provide a substantive response as outlined in (i) above, provide to the Customer a letter estimating when the response will be provided and a statement that the Customer has the option of taking the Complaint to OBSI.

Confidentiality and Disclosure

- 18. The dispute resolution process is confidential to the parties to the Complaint and the OBSI. The discussions and correspondence of the Complainant, the Complainant's representatives, the Participating Firm, the Participating Firm's representatives and the Ombudsman that form part of the dispute resolution process will not be disclosed or used in any subsequent legal or other proceedings. The files of the OBSI are confidential and are protected from disclosure for all purposes unless mandated by law or a regulatory authority. In addition, the Ombudsman and OBSI staff will not be called to testify in any subsequent legal or other proceedings.
- 19. If any person discloses information to the OBSI and requests that it not be disclosed to another person, the OBSI shall not disclose the information to any other person except with the consent of the person who disclosed the information to the OBSI or as required by law or a regulatory authority. If consent is not given and the information is prejudicial to a party to the Complaint, the Ombudsman shall not use that information to make a recommendation adverse to any person to whom the information is denied, except as provided in section 20.
- 20. The Ombudsman may take account of a Participating Firm's proprietary systems and security measures of which the Ombudsman has knowledge, even though no disclosure of those systems and measures has been or will be made to the Complainant.

Recommendations and Rejections of Complaints

- 21. The Ombudsman shall not make a recommendation or reject a Complaint, except in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 to 27.

22. After the investigation of a Complaint, the Ombudsman shall make a recommendation for compensation or action to the Complainant and the Participating Firm if, in the opinion of the Ombudsman, the Complainant has suffered loss, damage or harm because of an act or omission of the Participating Firm or its Representative in the provision of a Financial Service.
23. While the Ombudsman is investigating a Complaint, the Ombudsman may seek to promote a resolution of the Complaint by agreement between the Complainant and the Participating Firm. While the Ombudsman is investigating a Complaint, the Participating Firm and the Complainant may continue to seek to resolve the Complaint themselves. If the Participating Firm and the Complainant do not resolve the Complaint, the Ombudsman shall complete the investigation of the Complaint and either make a recommendation for the resolution of the Complaint or reject the Complaint.
24. The Ombudsman's recommendation
 - (a) shall be in writing;
 - (b) shall include a summary of the Ombudsman's reasons;
 - (c) may be made jointly with another Industry OmbudService in the circumstances described in section 14; and
 - (d) is not binding on the Participating Firm or the Complainant; and
 - (e) is subject to the monetary limits described in section 12.
25. The Ombudsman shall make a recommendation or reject a Complaint with reference to what is, in the Ombudsman's opinion, fair in all the circumstances to the Complainant and the Participating Firm. In determining what is fair, the Ombudsman shall take into account general principles of good financial services and business practice, law, regulatory policies and guidance, professional body standards and any relevant code of practice or conduct applicable to the subject matter of the Complaint. To identify principles of good financial services and business practice, the Ombudsman may, where appropriate, consult within the financial services industry, including with individual firms, associations, regulatory authorities and consumer groups, or elsewhere. The Ombudsman shall not be bound by any previous recommendation made by the Ombudsman or by any predecessor in that office.
26. Subject to section 12, the Ombudsman shall not recommend compensation that would be greater than an amount that the Ombudsman considers to be appropriate to compensate the Complainant for loss, damage or harm suffered by the Complainant by reason of the acts or omissions of the Participating Firm in the provision of a Financial Service.
27. In the case of an individual Complaint, if a Participating Firm does not accept the recommendation of the Ombudsman, the Ombudsman shall make public the name of the Participating Firm, the recommendation and the circumstances of the case in a manner considered appropriate by the Ombudsman. If a Participating Firm does not cooperate in

the investigation of an individual Complaint against it, OBSI shall make public the name of the Participating Firm and the circumstances of the refusal to co-operate in a manner considered appropriate by the Ombudsman. Where a Participating Firm is obliged by legislation or rules to cooperate, OBSI shall inform the regulating authority of non-cooperation by a Participating Firm.

Reporting

28. The Ombudsman shall prepare and provide an annual report as well as other reports containing statistics, anonymized case studies of Complaints for educational purposes (with personal and Participating Firm identifiers removed), other information that the Board considers appropriate to the interests of interested parties and the general public, and information required by law or regulation.

Appendix I

The provisions of section 17 do not apply to participating firms which are members of the following organizations:

Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada

Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada